

contains not less than 125 parts per million (0.0125 percent) nor more than 250 parts per million (0.0125 percent) of the additive.

3. Paragraph (c)(1) is amended to provide for label declaration on the container of the additive or any intermediate mixes of any antibiotic used. As amended, subparagraph (1) reads as follows:

(1) (i) The name of the additive, amprolium, (1-(4-amino-2-n-propyl-5-pyrimidinylmethyl)-2-picolinium chloride hydrochloride).

(ii) The name of any antibiotic added as provided by paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

4. Paragraph (d)(1) is amended to provide for label declaration on the finished feed of any antibiotic used. As amended, subparagraph (1) reads as follows:

(1) (i) The name of the additive, amprolium, (1-(4-amino-2-n-propyl-5-pyrimidinylmethyl)-2-picolinium chloride hydrochloride).

(ii) The name of any antibiotic added as provided by paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(Sec. 409(c)(1), 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348(c)(1))

II. Based upon an evaluation of the data before him and proceeding as provided in the statute (sec. 409(c)(4), 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348(c)(4)), the Commissioner of Food and Drugs has further concluded that tolerance limitations are required to assure that use of the food additives streptomycin and penicillin will not cause the edible tissues of chickens consuming chicken feed treated with the additives in accordance with § 121.210(a)(2) to be unsafe. Therefore, the following tolerances are established, and Subpart D is amended by adding thereto the following new sections:

§ 121.1025 Streptomycin.

A tolerance of zero is established for residues of streptomycin in the eggs and edible tissues of chickens that have consumed the antibiotic in feed.

§ 121.1026 Penicillin.

A tolerance of zero is established for residues of penicillin and the salts of penicillin in the eggs and edible tissues of chickens that have consumed the antibiotics in feed.

(Sec. 409(c)(4), 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348(c)(4))

Any person who will be adversely affected by the foregoing order may at any time prior to the thirtieth day from the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER file with the Hearing Clerk, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Room 5440, 330 Independence Avenue SW., Washington 25, D.C., written objections thereto. Objections shall show wherein the person filing will be adversely affected by the order and specify with particularity the provisions of the order deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections. If a hearing is requested, the objections must state the issues for the hearing. A hearing

will be granted if the objections are supported by grounds legally sufficient to justify the relief sought. Objections may be accompanied by a memorandum or brief in support thereof. All documents shall be filed in quintuplicate.

Effective date. This order shall be effective on the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 409(c)(1), (4); 52 Stat. 1049; as amended, 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348(c)(1), (4))

Dated: December 2, 1960.

[SEAL] GEO. P. LARRICK,
Commissioner of Food and Drugs.

[F.R. Doc. 60-11447; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER C—DRUGS

PART 146—GENERAL REGULATIONS FOR THE CERTIFICATION OF ANTIBIOTIC AND ANTIBIOTIC-CONTAINING DRUGS

Animal Feed Containing Antibiotic Drugs

Under the authority vested in the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 507, 59 Stat. 463, as amended; sec. 701, 52 Stat. 1055, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 357, 371), and delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs by the Secretary (23 F.R. 9500; 25 F.R. 5611), the general regulations for the certification of antibiotic and antibiotic-containing drugs (21 CFR 146.26) are amended as follows:

In § 146.26 *Animal feed containing penicillin* * * *, paragraph (b) is amended by adding thereto the following new subparagraph (44):

(44) It is intended for use solely as an aid in preventing outbreaks of coccidiosis in chickens and as an aid in stimulating growth and improving feed efficiency in growing chickens and its labeling bears adequate directions and warnings for such use, including a warning against its use in laying hens and a warning that its use must be discontinued 4 days before treated chickens are slaughtered for human consumption. It contains, per ton of feed: amprolium (1-(4-amino-2-n-propyl-5-pyrimidinylmethyl)-2-picolinium chloride hydrochloride) in a quantity, by weight of feed, of not less than 0.0125 percent and not more than 0.025 percent; not less than 2.4 grams of penicillin or 30 grams of streptomycin and not more than 50 grams of one or more of such antibiotics. There shall be submitted to the Commissioner, in triplicate, adequate information of the kind described in § 146.7 to establish the safety and efficacy of the article and to guarantee its identity, strength, quality, and purity. The exemption shall expire at the beginning of any act changing the composition or labeling of such drug or the methods used in and the facilities and controls used for its manufacturing, processing, and packaging, or in its labeling, unless the person who obtained the exemption has submitted to the Commissioner, in triplicate, amended information describ-

ing such proposed changes, and such amendment has been accepted by the Commissioner.

Notice and public procedure are not necessary prerequisites to the promulgation of this order, and I so find, since it relaxes existing requirements and since it would be contrary to public interest to delay providing for the amendment incorporated in this order.

I further find that animal feed containing antibiotic drugs and conforming with the conditions prescribed in this order need not comply with the requirements of sections 502(1) and 507 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act in order to insure their safety and efficacy.

Effective date. This order shall become effective on the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, since both the public and the affected industry will benefit by the earliest effective date, and I so find.

(Sec. 701, 52 Stat. 1055, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 371. Interprets or applies secs. 502, 507, 52 Stat. 1050, 59 Stat. 463, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 352, 357)

Dated: December 2, 1960.

[SEAL] GEO. P. LARRICK,
Commissioner of Food and Drugs.

[F.R. Doc. 60-11448; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960; 8:49 a.m.]

Title 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS

Chapter 3—Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

PART 3-75—DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

Miscellaneous Amendments

Part 3-75 of the Delegations of Authority for Public Contracts in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (24 F.R. 9427) is hereby amended in the following respects:

1. In § 3-75.4 *Office of Vocational Rehabilitation*, paragraph (b)(1)(i) is amended and (iii) is added to read:

(i) Negotiate purchases or contracts under section 302(c)(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (12), (13), and (14) or to make advance payments under section 305.

(iii) Make the determinations and decisions specified in section 302(c)(11) for contracts in excess of \$25,000.

2. In § 3-75.9 *Office of Administration, Division of General Services*:

a. Paragraph (a) is amended to add a new subparagraph at the end thereof, to read:

(5) Purchasing Agents.

b. Paragraph (b)(1)(i) is amended to add a new sentence at the end thereof, to read: "Purchasing Agents' authority is limited to signing of purchase orders not in excess of \$5,000."

(GSA Delegation 363 (24 F.R. 2302) and 2-500.40 and 2-500.60, as amended, of the Statement of Organization and Delegation

of Authority, Secretary, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (22 F.R. 1049, 24 F.R. 8612))

Effective date: December 5, 1960.

[SEAL] RUFUS E. MILES, Jr.,
Director of Administration.

[F.R. Doc. 60-11449; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960;
8:49 a.m.]

Title 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Chapter I—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

SUBCHAPTER A—ALASKA

[Circular No. 2055]

PART 76—STATE GRANTS

Miscellaneous Amendments

In order to incorporate in the regulations the provisions of the act of September 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 1024), and the fact that the preference provisions of the act of September 27, 1944 (43 U.S.C. 282), as amended, have terminated, it is proposed to amend portions of 43 CFR Part 76 to read as set forth below.

This amendment relates to matters which are exempt from the rule making requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003), and although the Department of the Interior customarily observes the rule making requirements voluntarily, that procedure was not followed in this case since this change in the regulations is merely a reflection of the changes in the law. The provisions of the change in § 76.15 became effective on September 27, 1959, and the other changes in the regulations became effective on the effective date of the act, September 14, 1960.

Sections 76.11(a), 76.12(a) and (d), 76.13, and 76.15(a) are amended all to read as follows:

§ 76.11 Statutory authority.

(a) The act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 339-343), referred to in §§ 76.11-76.14 as "the act," grants to the State of Alaska the right to select, within 25 years from January 3, 1959, not to exceed 102,550,000 acres from the public lands in Alaska which are vacant, unappropriated and unreserved at the time of selection. The act of September 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 1024), defines vacant unappropriated, unreserved public lands in Alaska to include the retained or reserved interest of the United States in lands which have been disposed of with a reservation to the United States of all minerals or any specified mineral or minerals.

§ 76.12 Lands subject to selection; patents; minerals.

(a) The act as amended August 18, 1959 (73 Stat. 395), provides that any lease, permit, license, or contract issued under the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (41 Stat. 437; 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.), as amended, or under the Alaska Coal Leas-

ing Act of 1914 (38 Stat. 741; 30 U.S.C. 432 et seq.), as amended, referred to in this section as "the mineral leasing acts," shall have the effect of withdrawing the lands subject thereto from selection by the State, unless the State files an application to select such lands within a period of five years after January 3, 1959.

(d) (1) Where the State selects all the lands in a mineral lease, permit, license, or contract, issued under the mineral leasing acts of 1914 and 1920, the patent issued under the act will convey to the State all mineral deposits in the selected lands. Any such patent shall vest in the State all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to any such lease, permit, license, or contract that remains outstanding on the effective date of the patent, including the right to all rentals, royalties, and other payments accruing after that date under such lease, permit, license, or contract, and including any authority that may have been retained by the United States to modify the terms and conditions of such lease, permit, license, or contract. Issuance of patent will not affect the continued validity of any such lease, permit, license, or contract or any rights arising thereunder.

(2) Where the State selects a portion of the lands subject to a mineral lease, permit, license, or contract issued under the mineral leasing acts of 1914 and 1920, the patent issued under the act shall reserve to the United States the mineral or minerals subject to that lease, permit, license, or contract, together with such further rights as may be necessary to the full and complete enjoyment of all rights, privileges, and benefits under or with respect to that lease, permit, license, or contracts. Upon the termination of the lease, permit, license, or contract, title to minerals so reserved to the United States shall pass to the State.

(e) Section 76.9(a) (2) (iv), (v), and (vi) do not apply to the extent that an application embraces a reserved or retained interest. See § 76.11(a).

§ 76.15 State preference right of selection; waivers.

(a) The acts of July 28, 1956 (see § 76.7), and July 7, 1958 (see § 76.11), provide that upon the revocation of any order of withdrawal in Alaska, the order of revocation shall provide for a period of not less than 90 days before the date on which it otherwise becomes effective during which period the State of Alaska shall have a preferred right of selection under the acts of 1956 and 1958, except as against prior existing valid rights, equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation, and other preferred rights of application conferred by law.

FRED A. SEATON,
Secretary of the Interior.

DECEMBER 6, 1960.

[F.R. Doc. 60-11517; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960;
8:53 a.m.]

APPENDIX—PUBLIC LAND ORDERS

[Public Land Order 2212]

[Juneau 010148]

ALASKA

Withdrawing Lands for Use of the Federal Aviation Agency in Main- tenance of Air Navigation Facilities

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by section 4 of the act of May 24, 1928 (48 Stat. 729; 49 U.S.C. 214), it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the following-described public lands in Alaska are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining and mineral-leasing laws but not disposals of materials under the act of July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601-604) as amended, and reserved for use of the Federal Aviation Agency in the maintenance of air-navigation facilities:

JUNEAU AREA

Beginning at Corner No. 9, U.S. Survey 2390, thence

S. 1°33' E., 21.23 chains;

N. 80°48' E., 20.30 chains;

N. 15°07' W., 4.25 chains;

N. 75°18' E., 12.494 chains;

N. 21°05' E., 17.00 chains;

S. 82°45' W., 38.00 chains to point of beginning.

Containing approximately 63 acres.

Upon acceptance of plat of survey, the area will be described as U.S. Survey No. 3818.

GEORGE W. ABBOTT,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

DECEMBER 5, 1960.

[F.R. Doc. 60-11437; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960;
8:48 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 2213]

[Fairbanks 012151]

ALASKA

Establishing the Kuskokwim National Wildlife Range

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the following-described public lands in Alaska are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, except the mining and the mineral leasing laws, and disposals of materials under the act of July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601-604) as amended, and reserved for use of the Department of the Interior as a refuge, breeding ground and management area for all forms of wildlife, to be known as the Kuskokwim National Wildlife Range: *Provided*, That the reservation made by this order shall not prohibit the hunting or trapping of game animals and game birds or the trapping of fur animals in accordance with the provisions of applicable law and as may be permitted by regulations of

the Secretary of the Interior prescribed and issued pursuant thereto:

AREA I

Beginning on the shore of Bering Sea at the line of mean high tide and at the south side of the entrance to Hooper Bay near latitude 61°31' N., longitude 166°12' W., from Greenwich; thence southeasterly with the line of mean high tide on the south side of the entrance to Hooper Bay and along the south side of said Bay, 16 miles to the mouth of Askunuk River (Kleoklevuk River) near latitude 61°26' N., longitude 165°48' W.; thence easterly up the left bank of said river 22 miles to its source at the Kashunuk River near latitude 61°24' N., longitude 165°26' W.; thence easterly up the left bank of Kashunuk River, 12 miles to its junction with a channel "A" flowing to the south, near latitude 61°23' N., longitude 165°11' W.; thence southerly down the right bank of the last aforesaid channel "A" 1½ miles to a point near latitude 61°21' N., longitude 165°10' W., about one-half mile south of the mouth of an unnamed stream coming into said channel on the left bank side; thence due east approximately 38.6 miles to the volcanic cone in the Ingakslugvat Hills near latitude 61°21' N., longitude 164°00' W.; thence due south approximately 10 miles to the north shore of a lake "B"; thence southerly around the easterly side of the last aforesaid lake "B" one mile to a point on the southeast side of said lake "B"; thence south 63° east four miles to a point near latitude 61°10½' N., longitude 163°56' W., on the northwest shore of Aropuk Lake opposite the center of an island; thence southerly with the western shore of the said lake and a chain of lakes 45 miles to a point of land near latitude 60°50½' N., longitude 163°57' W., on the north side of Baird Inlet; thence westerly along the north side of Baird Inlet 50 miles to a point of land near latitude 60°54' N., longitude 165°02' W., at the mouth of Baird Inlet and at the line of mean high tide on the shore of Bering Sea; thence northwesterly at the line of mean high tide of Bering Sea eight miles to the point of a headland near latitude 60°58' N., longitude 165°12' W., at the south side of Hazen Bay; thence north 38° W., eight miles across the mouth of Hazen Bay to the point of a headland at the west side of Hazen Bay; thence northwesterly with the line of mean high tide of Bering Sea 50 miles to the place of beginning, containing approximately 1,870 square miles of lands and waters, but excluding lands beneath navigable waters as defined in section 2 of the Submerged Lands Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 29; 43 U.S.C. 1301).

AREA II

Beginning on the shore of Bering Sea at the line of mean high tide and on the north side of the mouth of Kinia River, near latitude 60°11' N., longitude 164°30' W.; thence northwesterly with the line of mean high tide of Bering Sea 8½ miles to the headland at the mouth of a stream "C" separating Nelson Island from the mainland; thence northeasterly up the left bank of the last aforesaid stream "C" 46 miles to a point near latitude 60°39' N., longitude 164°12' W., at the south end of the southwest bay of Baird Inlet; thence easterly, northerly, easterly and southerly along the south shore of Baird Inlet 35 miles to the mouth of a small stream "D", near latitude 60°33½' N., longitude 163°43' W., at the south end of the east bay of Baird Inlet; thence southwesterly up the left bank of the last aforesaid small stream "D" four miles to the head thereof; thence south 10° E., 4½ miles to the head of a stream "E" draining to the south, near latitude 60°28' N., longitude 163°46' W.; thence southerly down the right bank of the last aforesaid stream "E" four miles to the mouth thereof in the north shore of Dall Lake; thence westerly, southerly, easterly and southerly around the west shore of Dall Lake 75 miles to the most

southerly point of said lake near latitude 60°08½' N., longitude 163°47' W.; thence south 30° W., 1½ miles to the head of the Kuguklik River; thence southwesterly with the right bank of the aforesaid Kuguklik River 19 miles to the mouth thereof at the line of mean high tide of Bering Sea, near latitude 59°59' N., longitude 164°07' W.; thence northwesterly with the line of mean high tide 20 miles to the place of beginning, containing approximately 1,054 square miles of lands and waters, but excluding lands beneath navigable waters as defined in section 2 of the Submerged Lands Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 29; 43 U.S.C. 1301).

The descriptions above are based on Alaska Reconnaissance Topographic Maps designated Baird Inlet, Hooper Bay, Marshall and Nunivak Island, Editions of 1951.

This order shall not be construed to abrogate or impair any legal or aboriginal claim of right of the natives to use the lands, if any, and they may hunt, fish, and trap in accordance with applicable law, and carry on any other lawful activities.

FRED A. SEATON,
Secretary of the Interior.

DECEMBER 6, 1960.

[F.R. Doc. 60-11518; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960;
8:53 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 2214]

[Fairbanks 017050]

ALASKA

Establishing the Arctic National Wildlife Range

By virtue of the authority vested in the President, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

1. For the purpose of preserving unique wildlife, wilderness and recreational values, all of the hereinafter described area in northeastern Alaska, containing approximately 8,900,000 acres is hereby, subject to valid existing rights, and the provisions of any existing withdrawals, withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining but not the mineral leasing laws, nor disposals of materials under the Act of July 31, 1947 (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601-604), as amended, and reserved for use of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service as the Arctic National Wildlife Range;

Beginning at the intersection of the International Boundary line between Alaska and Yukon Territory, Canada, with the line of extreme low water of the Arctic Ocean in the Vicinity of Monument 1 of said International Boundary line;

thence westerly along the said line of extreme low water, including all offshore bars, reefs, and islands to a point of land on the Arctic Seacoast known as Brownlow Point, at approximate longitude 145°51' W., and latitude 70°10' N.;

thence in a southwesterly direction approximately three (3) miles to the mean high water mark of the extreme west bank of the Canning River;

thence continuing in a southerly direction up the west bank of the Canning River approximately fourteen (14) miles to another fork of the river at approximate longitude 145°40' W., and latitude 69°00' N.;

thence easterly up the south bank of the stream approximately fifteen (15) miles to its source at the crest of an unnamed mountain whose elevation is approximately 7,900 feet and whose location is at approximate longitude 145°13' W., and latitude 68°53' N.;

thence southeasterly down the west and south banks of a stream which is tributary to the east fork of the Chandalar River approximately eighteen (18) miles to its junction with the Chandalar River at approximately longitude 144°47' W., and latitude 68°42' N.;

thence up the east bank of the said Chandalar River approximately three (3) miles to a point opposite the south bank of a tributary stream which flows from the southeast;

thence up the south bank of the said tributary stream approximately fifteen (15) miles to the crest of a mountain at the head of a branch of Old Woman Creek whose elevation is approximately 7,400 feet and whose location is approximate longitude 144°14' W., and latitude 68°41' N.;

thence in a generally southerly direction down the west and south banks of the said branch of Old Woman Creek approximately fifteen (15) miles to its junction with Old Woman Creek;

thence southeasterly down the south bank of Old Woman Creek approximately twelve and one-half (12½) miles to the point where said creek intersects a straight line projected from Brushman Mountain to Index Mountain;

thence approximately two and one-half (2½) miles south along said line to its intersection with a north fork of Monument Creek;

thence southerly down the west bank of said fork to its junction with Monument Creek;

thence down the west and south banks of Monument Creek approximately sixteen and one-half (16½) miles to a point on the east bank of Sheenjak River opposite the mouth of Monument Creek;

thence northeasterly up the east bank of the Sheenjak River approximately eight and one-half (8½) miles to its junction with a tributary which flows from the east, at approximate longitude 143°09' W., and latitude 68°05' N.;

thence up the east and south banks of the said tributary stream approximately ten (10) miles to a fork in the stream one-half (½) mile above a one and one-half (1½) mile lake, at approximate longitude 142°52' W., and latitude 68°11' N.;

thence up the south bank of the main south fork of the stream approximately eight (8) miles to the crest of the saddle where it arises at approximate longitude 142°35' W., and latitude 68°14' N.;

thence easterly from the said saddle following down the south bank of a stream which arises at approximately this point for approximately eleven (11) miles to its junction with the Coleen River at approximate longitude 142°10' W., and latitude 68°15' N.;

thence following down the west bank of the Coleen River along the mean high water mark for approximately eight (8) miles to its junction with the tributary stream which flows into the Coleen River from the east at approximate longitude 141°57' W., and latitude 68°10' N.;

thence up the east and south bank of the said tributary stream in a northeasterly direction to the saddle between its headwaters and those of Bilwaddy Creek at approximate longitude 141°32' W., and latitude 68°14' N.;

thence down the south bank of the said Billwaddy Creek approximately eighteen (18) miles to the International Boundary line between Alaska and Yukon Territory, being a point located at approximate longitude 141°00' W., and latitude 68°11' N.; thence north with the said International Boundary line approximately one hundred (100) miles to the point of beginning.

2. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to permit the hunting and the taking of game animals, birds, and fish in the wildlife range, or parts thereof, as well as the trapping of fur animals. However, no person may hunt, trap, capture, kill, or willfully disturb any wild mammal, wild bird, or fish or take or destroy the eggs or nests of any such bird or fish within the wildlife range, except as may be prescribed by the Secretary. The provisions of State law shall govern all hunting and taking of wildlife which the Secretary of the Interior permits under the terms of this order.

FRED A. SEATON,
Secretary of the Interior.

DECEMBER 6, 1960.

[P.R. Doc. 60-11519; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960;
8:53 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 2215]

[1941468]

ALASKA

Revoking Public Land Order No. 82 of January 22, 1943 (Northern Alaska)

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

1. Public Land Order No. 82 of January 22, 1943, reserving the following-described lands under jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior for use in connection with the prosecution of the War is hereby revoked:

All that part of Alaska lying north of a line beginning at a point on the boundary between the United States and Canada, on the divide between the north and south forks of Firth River, approximate latitude 68°52' N., longitude 141°00' W., thence westerly, along this divide, and the periphery of the watershed northward to the Arctic Ocean, along the crest of portions of the Brooks Range and the De Long Mountains, to Cape Lisburne.

The area described contains approximately 48,000,000 acres.

2. The following-described lands lying within the exterior boundaries of the area described in paragraph 1 are withdrawn by Executive Order No. 3797-A of February 27, 1923, for Naval Petroleum Reserve No. 4, for classification, examination and preparation of plans for development and until otherwise ordered by the Congress or the President:

Commencing at the most northwestern extremity of the point of land shown on the maps of Alaska as Icy Cape, approximately latitude 70°21', longitude 161°46'; thence extending in a true south course to the crest of the range of mountains forming the watershed between the Noatak River and its northern tributaries and the streams flowing into the Arctic Ocean; thence eastward along the crest of this range of mountains to a peak at the head of the northernmost of

the two eastern forks of Midas Creek (Pl. 1, U.S.G.S., Bull. 536), at approximately latitude 67°50', longitude 156°00'; thence in a true north course to a point at the highest high water on the western or left bank of the Colville River; thence following said highest highwater mark downstream along said Colville River and the western bank of the most western slough at its mouth to the highest highwater mark on the Arctic coast. From here, following the highest highwater mark westward to the point of beginning.

The coast line to be followed shall be that of the ocean side of the sandspits and islands forming the barrier reefs and extending across small lagoons from point to point, where such barrier reefs are not over three miles of shore, except in the case of Plover Islands, from Point Tangent to Point Barrow (Pl. 3, U.S.G.S., P.P. 109), longitude approximately 154°50', where it shall be the highest highwater mark on the outer shore of the islands forming the groups and extending between the most adjacent points of these islands and the sandspits at either end. In cases where the barrier reef is over three miles off shore the boundary shall be the highest highwater mark of the coast of the mainland.

The area described contains approximately 23,000,000 acres. Jurisdiction over the lands in Naval Petroleum Reserve No. 4 is vested in the Department of the Navy by the Act of August 10, 1956 (70 Stat. 457-462; 10 U.S.C. 7421-7438). These lands, therefore, are not affected by the opening hereinafter provided in this order.

3. An area included within the area described in paragraph 1 of this order, and which may be described generally as "all lands lying east of Canning River, extending from its mouth on the Arctic Ocean at Flaxman Island in approximate longitude 146° W., to its source in the Brooks Range in approximate longitude 145°13' W., latitude 68°53' N.," and containing approximately 5 million acres, is included in an application for withdrawal, Fairbanks 017050, filed by the Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife for use as the Arctic Wildlife Range. As provided by the regulations in 43 CFR 295.11(a), the lands shall remain segregated from all forms of disposal under the public land laws, including the mining and mineral leasing laws, to the extent that the withdrawal applied for, if effected, would prevent such forms of disposal, until final action has been taken on the application for withdrawal.

4. Subject to any existing valid rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, and the requirements of applicable law, the lands described in paragraph 1 hereof, exclusive of those described in paragraphs 2 and 3, are hereby opened to settlement and to filing of applications, selections, and locations as are allowable on unsurveyed lands in accordance with the following:

a. Applications and selections under the nonmineral public land laws may be presented to the Manager mentioned below, beginning on the date of this order. Such applications, selections, and offers will be considered as filed on the hour and respective dates shown for the various classes enumerated in the following paragraphs:

(1) Until 10:00 a.m. on March 8, 1961, the State of Alaska shall have a preferred right to select the lands or por-

tions thereof, in accordance with and subject to the limitations in and requirements of the Act of July 28, 1956 (70 Stat. 709; 48 U.S.C. 46-3b), or section 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 399), and subject further to the provision of section 6(b) of the said Act of July 7, 1958, prohibiting such selections within the limits described in section 10(b) of the Act without the approval of the President or his designated representative.

(2) Applications by persons having prior existing valid settlement rights, preference rights conferred by existing laws, or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation will be adjudicated on the facts presented in support of each claim or right. All applications other than those referred to in this paragraph will be subject to the applications and claims mentioned in this paragraph.

(3) All valid applications and selections under the nonmineral public land laws presented prior to 10:00 a.m. on January 11, 1961, will be considered as simultaneously filed at that hour. Rights under such applications and selections filed after that hour will be governed by the time of filing.

(4) The lands will be open to settlement under the homestead and Alaska homestead laws at 10:00 a.m. on March 8, 1961.

5. The lands, except those described in paragraphs 2 and 3, were opened to location under the United States mining laws and to leasing under the Mineral Leasing Act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 437; 30 U.S.C. 181), as amended and supplemented, by Public Land Order No. 1621 of April 18, 1958, as amended by Public Land Order No. 1965 of August 29, 1959, to which orders reference is made for the conditions under which applications and offers may be filed for oil and gas leases.

6. Persons claiming preference rights based upon valid settlement, statutory preference, or equitable claims must enclose properly corroborated statements in support of their applications, setting forth all facts relevant to their claims. Detailed rules and regulations governing applications which may be filed pursuant to this notice can be found in Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

7. Inquiries concerning the lands shall be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Fairbanks, Alaska.

FRED A. SEATON,
Secretary of the Interior.

DECEMBER 6, 1960.

[P.R. Doc. 60-11520; Filed, Dec. 8, 1960;
8:53 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 2216]

[Anchorage 023347]

ALASKA

Establishing the Izembek National Wildlife Range

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows: